

# 1-(5-Nitro-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)thiosemicarbazide

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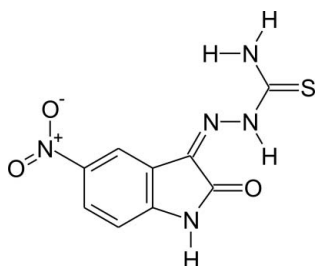
Received 10 August 2011; accepted 29 September 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.041;  $wR$  factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{N}_5\text{O}_3\text{S}$ , there is an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ . The molecule is essentially planar, with the maximum deviation from the mean plane of the 18 non-H atoms being 0.135 (2) Å for the amine N atom. In the crystal, the molecules are connected *via* intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds, forming two-dimensional networks lying parallel to  $(10\bar{4})$ . They are separated by an interplanar distance of 3.3214 (9) Å, leading to  $\pi-\pi$  interactions which stabilize the crystal structure.

## Related literature

For the pharmacological properties of isatine-thiosemicarbazone derivatives, including the title compound, against cruzain, falcipain-2 and rhodesain, see: Chiyanzu *et al.* (2003). For the synthesis of 5-nitroisatine-3-thiosemicarbazone, see: Campaigne & Archer (1952). For an example of a similar structure, 5-bromoisatin-thiosemicarbazone, see: Pederzoli *et al.* (2011).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{N}_5\text{O}_3\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 265.26$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 5.2112$  (2) Å  
 $b = 15.5354$  (5) Å  
 $c = 13.8711$  (5) Å  
 $\beta = 105.855$  (2)°  
 $V = 1080.25$  (7) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.31$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.08 \times 0.07 \times 0.03$  mm

### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: analytical (Alcock, 1970)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.966$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.983$   
15688 measured reflections  
2469 independent reflections  
1646 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.108$   
 $S = 1.02$   
2469 reflections  
191 parameters  
All H-atom parameters refined  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N4}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.93 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.791 (2)	132.6 (19)
$\text{N5}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.83 (2)	2.13 (3)	2.957 (2)	173 (2)
$\text{N5}-\text{H7}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.90 (3)	2.36 (3)	3.215 (3)	160 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{S}^{\text{iii}}$	0.88 (3)	2.45 (3)	3.3123 (18)	170 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x - 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $-x - 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

We gratefully acknowledge financial support by the CNPq/FAPERGS.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2117).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o2858 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536811040293 ]

## 1-(5-Nitro-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)thiosemicarbazide

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### Comment

Thiosemicarbazone derivatives have a wide range of biological properties. For example, isatin-based synthetic thiosemicarbazones show pharmacological activity against cruzain, falcipain-2 and rhodesain (Chiyanzu *et al.*, 2003). As part of our study of thiosemicarbazone derivatives, we report herein the crystal structure of 5-nitroisatin-3-thiosemicarbazone. In the title compound (Fig. 1), the 5-nitroisatin-3-thiosemicarbazone unit is planar and the maximal deviation from the least squares plane through all 18 non-hydrogen atoms is observed for N5 (0.135 (2) Å). The best plane through the thiosemicarbazide group (maximal deviation of 0.029 (2) Å for N4) makes an angle of 5.91 (8)° with the best plane through the isatine group (maximal deviation of 0.008 (2) Å for atoms C2, C4, C7). The nitro group is coplanar with the isatine ring (O2—N2—C5—C6 -0.7°). The bond angles suggest  $sp^2$  hybridization for the C and N atoms and explain the planarity of the title compound. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular N—H···O and N—H···S (Table 1; N5-H6···O1<sup>i</sup>, N5-H7···O2<sup>ii</sup>, N1-H4···S<sup>iii</sup>) and intramolecular N—H···O1 bonds (Table 1; N4-H5···O1), building a two-dimensional H-bonded network (Fig. 2). The crystal packing is also stabilised by aromatic  $\pi$ - $\pi$ -interactions between the isatine-thiosemicarbazone derivative molecules. The idealized plane through all 18 non-hydrogen atoms of adjacent molecules have an interplanar distance of 3.3214 (9) Å and are parallel. Symmetry codes: (i) -x-1, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+1, -y, -z+1; (iii) -x-1, y+1/2, -z+1/2.

### Experimental

Starting materials were commercially available and were used without further purification. The synthesis was adapted from a procedure reported previously (Campaigne & Archer, 1952). The hydrochloric acid catalyzed reaction of 5-nitroisatin (5,2 mmol) and thiosemicarbazide (5,2 mmol) in ethanol (60 ml) was refluxed for 6 h. After cooling and filtering, crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained.

### Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were localized in a difference density Fourier map. Their positions and isotropic displacement parameters were refined.

### Figures

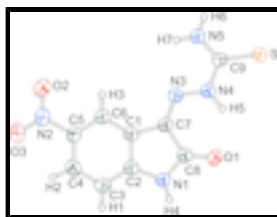


Fig. 1. : The molecular structure of the title compound with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

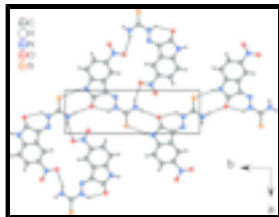


Fig. 2. : Crystal structure of the title compound viewed in the direction of the crystallographic *c*-axis. Hydrogen bonding is indicated as dashed lines. The graphical representation is simplified for clarity.

## 1-(5-Nitro-2-oxindolin-3-ylidene)thiosemicarbazide

### Crystal data

$C_9H_7N_5O_3S$	$F(000) = 544$
$M_r = 265.26$	$D_x = 1.631 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$	Cell parameters from 26694 reflections
$a = 5.2112 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$
$b = 15.5354 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.8711 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 105.855 (2)^\circ$	Prism, colourless
$V = 1080.25 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.08 \times 0.07 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	2469 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1646 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $9 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$
CCD rotation images, thick slices scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: analytical (Alcock, 1970)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.966$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.983$	$k = -19 \rightarrow 20$
15688 measured reflections	$l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$wR(F^2) = 0.108$	All H-atom parameters refined
$S = 1.02$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0502P)^2 + 0.2777P]$
2469 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
191 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

0 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S	-0.82185 (11)	0.04442 (3)	0.13953 (5)	0.0550 (2)
O1	-0.3758 (3)	0.30256 (9)	0.25265 (11)	0.0497 (4)
O2	0.8282 (4)	0.06044 (11)	0.57143 (16)	0.0833 (6)
O3	1.0641 (3)	0.17173 (11)	0.62922 (13)	0.0689 (5)
N1	0.0324 (3)	0.34347 (11)	0.35807 (13)	0.0456 (4)
H4	-0.001 (5)	0.3986 (19)	0.3598 (18)	0.068 (8)*
N2	0.8602 (4)	0.13826 (13)	0.57750 (14)	0.0534 (5)
N3	-0.1521 (3)	0.12472 (10)	0.31461 (13)	0.0416 (4)
N4	-0.3969 (3)	0.12302 (10)	0.24907 (13)	0.0438 (4)
H5	-0.481 (5)	0.1742 (16)	0.2237 (17)	0.059 (7)*
N5	-0.3935 (4)	-0.02231 (12)	0.26970 (16)	0.0564 (5)
H6	-0.469 (5)	-0.0697 (16)	0.2592 (18)	0.059 (7)*
H7	-0.234 (6)	-0.0184 (18)	0.315 (2)	0.072 (8)*
C1	0.2206 (4)	0.21247 (12)	0.40888 (14)	0.0382 (4)
C2	0.2575 (4)	0.30160 (12)	0.41775 (15)	0.0407 (5)
C3	0.4895 (4)	0.33798 (14)	0.47706 (16)	0.0473 (5)
H1	0.519 (5)	0.3964 (16)	0.4829 (16)	0.055 (6)*
C4	0.6870 (4)	0.28252 (14)	0.52923 (16)	0.0470 (5)
H2	0.847 (5)	0.3009 (15)	0.5747 (17)	0.058 (6)*
C5	0.6461 (4)	0.19440 (13)	0.52072 (15)	0.0423 (5)
C6	0.4156 (4)	0.15681 (13)	0.46118 (16)	0.0430 (5)
H3	0.394 (4)	0.0988 (15)	0.4573 (16)	0.050 (6)*
C7	-0.0416 (4)	0.19895 (12)	0.33974 (14)	0.0398 (5)
C8	-0.1545 (4)	0.28607 (12)	0.30925 (15)	0.0416 (5)
C9	-0.5237 (4)	0.04538 (12)	0.22445 (15)	0.0420 (5)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S	0.0442 (3)	0.0362 (3)	0.0713 (4)	-0.0030 (2)	-0.0065 (3)	0.0049 (2)
O1	0.0429 (8)	0.0369 (7)	0.0590 (9)	0.0058 (6)	-0.0035 (7)	-0.0004 (6)

## supplementary materials

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O2	0.0670 (12)	0.0471 (10)	0.1111 (15)	0.0072 (8)	-0.0173 (10)	0.0094 (10)
O3	0.0427 (9)	0.0704 (11)	0.0784 (12)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0093 (8)	0.0074 (9)
N1	0.0454 (10)	0.0282 (8)	0.0561 (11)	0.0011 (7)	0.0019 (8)	-0.0007 (7)
N2	0.0430 (10)	0.0537 (12)	0.0571 (11)	0.0054 (8)	0.0030 (9)	0.0054 (9)
N3	0.0381 (9)	0.0343 (8)	0.0480 (9)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0045 (7)	-0.0019 (7)
N4	0.0398 (9)	0.0309 (8)	0.0532 (10)	0.0015 (7)	0.0002 (8)	-0.0010 (7)
N5	0.0464 (11)	0.0318 (9)	0.0769 (14)	-0.0018 (8)	-0.0072 (10)	0.0044 (9)
C1	0.0392 (10)	0.0314 (9)	0.0416 (10)	-0.0009 (8)	0.0070 (8)	-0.0015 (8)
C2	0.0405 (11)	0.0342 (10)	0.0451 (11)	0.0008 (8)	0.0080 (9)	-0.0011 (8)
C3	0.0484 (12)	0.0355 (11)	0.0541 (13)	-0.0056 (9)	0.0076 (10)	-0.0060 (9)
C4	0.0415 (11)	0.0466 (12)	0.0483 (12)	-0.0038 (9)	0.0047 (10)	-0.0050 (9)
C5	0.0378 (10)	0.0432 (11)	0.0427 (11)	0.0043 (8)	0.0055 (9)	0.0028 (8)
C6	0.0420 (11)	0.0354 (10)	0.0485 (12)	0.0011 (8)	0.0073 (9)	-0.0002 (9)
C7	0.0412 (11)	0.0304 (9)	0.0446 (11)	0.0024 (8)	0.0063 (9)	-0.0011 (8)
C8	0.0406 (11)	0.0344 (10)	0.0463 (11)	0.0014 (8)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0013 (8)
C9	0.0404 (10)	0.0317 (9)	0.0506 (12)	0.0006 (8)	0.0069 (9)	-0.0014 (8)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S—C9	1.674 (2)	N5—H6	0.83 (2)
O1—C8	1.231 (2)	N5—H7	0.90 (3)
O2—N2	1.220 (2)	C1—C6	1.380 (3)
O3—N2	1.224 (2)	C1—C2	1.399 (3)
N1—C8	1.357 (3)	C1—C7	1.454 (3)
N1—C2	1.398 (2)	C2—C3	1.384 (3)
N1—H4	0.88 (3)	C3—C4	1.385 (3)
N2—C5	1.464 (3)	C3—H1	0.92 (2)
N3—C7	1.294 (2)	C4—C5	1.386 (3)
N3—N4	1.350 (2)	C4—H2	0.94 (2)
N4—C9	1.373 (2)	C5—C6	1.387 (3)
N4—H5	0.93 (2)	C6—H3	0.91 (2)
N5—C9	1.314 (3)	C7—C8	1.490 (3)
C8—N1—C2	111.20 (17)	C2—C3—H1	123.6 (15)
C8—N1—H4	122.3 (17)	C4—C3—H1	118.9 (15)
C2—N1—H4	125.5 (17)	C3—C4—C5	119.68 (19)
O2—N2—O3	122.80 (18)	C3—C4—H2	123.9 (14)
O2—N2—C5	118.90 (18)	C5—C4—H2	116.3 (14)
O3—N2—C5	118.30 (19)	C4—C5—C6	123.69 (19)
C7—N3—N4	117.92 (16)	C4—C5—N2	117.76 (18)
N3—N4—C9	119.14 (16)	C6—C5—N2	118.55 (18)
N3—N4—H5	119.9 (15)	C1—C6—C5	116.30 (19)
C9—N4—H5	120.9 (15)	C1—C6—H3	122.0 (14)
C9—N5—H6	117.8 (17)	C5—C6—H3	121.7 (14)
C9—N5—H7	122.6 (18)	N3—C7—C1	125.12 (17)
H6—N5—H7	119 (2)	N3—C7—C8	128.38 (17)
C6—C1—C2	120.68 (17)	C1—C7—C8	106.45 (15)
C6—C1—C7	132.90 (17)	O1—C8—N1	126.92 (18)
C2—C1—C7	106.43 (16)	O1—C8—C7	126.75 (17)
C3—C2—N1	128.15 (18)	N1—C8—C7	106.32 (16)

C3—C2—C1	122.23 (18)	N5—C9—N4	115.68 (18)
N1—C2—C1	109.61 (16)	N5—C9—S	126.01 (16)
C2—C3—C4	117.42 (19)	N4—C9—S	118.29 (14)
C7—N3—N4—C9	-177.19 (19)	C7—C1—C6—C5	179.5 (2)
C8—N1—C2—C3	179.0 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (3)
C8—N1—C2—C1	-0.1 (2)	N2—C5—C6—C1	-179.71 (19)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.1 (3)	N4—N3—C7—C1	-179.81 (19)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-178.98 (19)	N4—N3—C7—C8	3.1 (3)
C6—C1—C2—N1	-179.75 (19)	C6—C1—C7—N3	2.1 (4)
C7—C1—C2—N1	0.1 (2)	C2—C1—C7—N3	-177.7 (2)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-179.6 (2)	C6—C1—C7—C8	179.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (3)	C2—C1—C7—C8	-0.1 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (3)	C2—N1—C8—O1	178.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (3)	C2—N1—C8—C7	0.0 (2)
C3—C4—C5—N2	-179.8 (2)	N3—C7—C8—O1	-1.1 (4)
O2—N2—C5—C4	179.7 (2)	C1—C7—C8—O1	-178.6 (2)
O3—N2—C5—C4	-0.2 (3)	N3—C7—C8—N1	177.6 (2)
O2—N2—C5—C6	-0.7 (3)	C1—C7—C8—N1	0.1 (2)
O3—N2—C5—C6	179.4 (2)	N3—N4—C9—N5	1.3 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.7 (3)	N3—N4—C9—S	-177.56 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N4—H5...O1	0.93 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.791 (2)	132.6 (19)
N5—H6...O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (2)	2.13 (3)	2.957 (2)	173 (2)
N5—H7...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (3)	2.36 (3)	3.215 (3)	160 (2)
N1—H4...S <sup>iii</sup>	0.88 (3)	2.45 (3)	3.3123 (18)	170 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x-1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $-x-1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .

Fig. 1

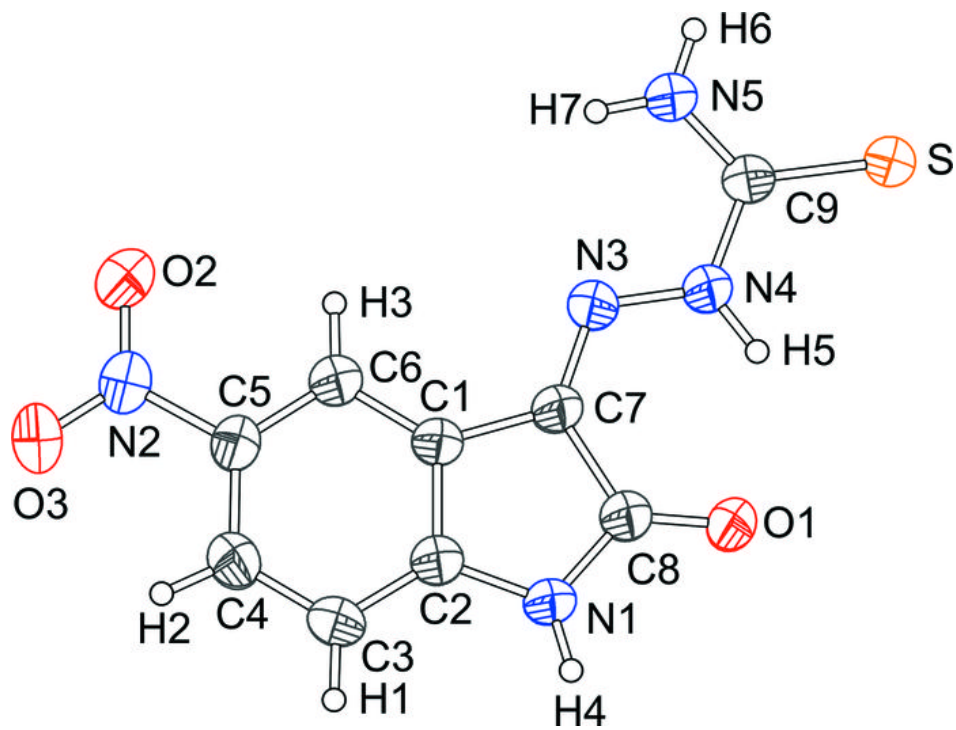




Fig. 2

